

UNIT 1+2

I. Choose the suitable words or phrases to fill in the blanks:

- In most factories workers have to wear uniform _____ work.
A. at B. on C. in D. out
- My mother only wear Ao Dai _____ special occasions.
A. at B. in C. on D. with
- My sister can make her own clothes and design her own _____.
A. styles B. model C. sizes D. labels
- They enjoy the peaceful _____ in Vietnam.
A. impression B. tradition C. atmosphere D. nation
- The book consists _____ ten units.
A. on B. into C. by D. of
- Jean cloth is very strong and hardly _____.
A. wear out B. put on C. go up D. went on
- They must learn Literature at school. It's a _____ subject.
A. national B. compulsory C. impressive D. primary
- The unit of _____ of Malaysia is the ringgit.
A. money B. climate C. currency D. religion
- Islamic people usually go to the _____ to pray.
A. pagoda B. mosque C. temple D. church
- Buddhism is the official _____ of Thailand.
A. region B. religion C. language D. capital
- My house _____ three bedrooms, a kitchen, and two bathrooms.
A. consists B. comprises C. divides D. takes
- This report is divided _____ two parts.
A. on B. by C. of D. into
- I have a pen pal in Malaysia. We _____ with each other at least once a month.
A. comprise B. consist C. divide D. correspond
- They have stayed there _____ three days.
A. since B. for C. about D. in
- The "ao dai" is the _____ dress of Vietnamese women.
A. tropical B. official C. modern D. traditional

II. Supply the correct form of the word in bracket:

- In 1990s the _____ of jeans stopped growing. (sell) sale
- My sisters always dresses very _____ at parties. (fashion) fashionably
- Is Buddhism your country's _____ religion? (office) official
- Most _____ are written in English. (instruct) instructions
- It's _____ for students to wear uniform at school. (compel) compulsory
- The language of _____ is Bahasa Malaysia. (instruct) instruction
- Nguyen Du is one of the famous _____ of Vietnamese people. (poem) poets
- His lecture made a strong _____ on his students. (impress) impression
- They go to the church every Sunday. They are very _____. (religion) religious
- Trinh Cong Son is one of the famous _____. (music) musicians

III. Rewrite the following sentences without changing their meanings:

- I'm sorry I don't know your address.
→ I wish _____
I wish I knew your address.
- It's a pity she doesn't come to the party.
→ I wish _____
I wish she came to the party.
- Susan started writing that novel three years ago.
→ That novel has _____
That novel has been written for three years.
- He started to write this song three months ago.

→ This song has _____

This song has been written for three months.

5. My father lived in London when he was a child.

→ My father used _____

My father used to live in London when he was a child.

6. He often played soccer when he was a child.

→ He used _____

He used to play soccer when he was a child.

7. They sell jeans all over the world.

→ Jeans _____

Jeans are sold all over the world.

8. They grow rice in tropical countries.

→ Rice _____

Rice is grown in tropical countries.

9. When did you begin learning English?

→ How long have _____

How long have you learned English ?

10. The last time I saw her was in 2015.

→ I haven't _____

I haven't seen her since 2015.

IV. Put the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences.

1. their uniforms/ take pride in/ which bears/ Students can/ their school's name.

→ Students can _____

Students can take pride in their uniforms which bears their school's name.

2. that she had/ the village better/ to know/ Maryam wishes/ got more time/.

→ Maryam wishes _____.

Maryam wishes that she had got more time to know the village better.

3. and material used for men / used for women / were different / The design / from those ./

→ The design _____

The design and material used for men were different from those used for women.

UNIT 3+4

I. Choose the best one to complete the sentences:

1. What _____ of learning English do you find most difficult?

A. passage **B. aspect** C. hobby D. exam

2. Many students are trying to get _____ jobs while studying.

A. excellent B. full-time **C. part-time** D. standard time

3. After two hours travelling by coach, we _____ Vung Tau.

A. came B. went C. got **D. reached**

4. The village lies near the _____ of a mountain and by a river.

A. feet **B. foot** C. head D. leg

5. My sister got up late, _____ she missed the flight to Paris.

A. so B. but C. however D. if

6. Liz: "I wish I would visit your village again someday." Ba: "_____"

A. Everything will be alright. **B. You'll always be welcome here.**

C. You're welcome. D. I'd love to.

7. If possible, please come back to see him from 4.30 _____ 5.30 this evening.

A. at B. and **C. to** D. on

8. All the teachers in this language center are _____.

A. well- qualify **B. well qualified** C. well- qualifying D. well- qualification

9. "Let's go to Brisbane Intitute of English." – "_____"

A. I'd love to B. Yes, let. C. Not completely **D. That's a good idea.**

10. The place for students to live instead of going home every day is called _____.

A. campus B. institute C. homestay **D. Dormitory**

11. Everyone felt tired and hungry, _____ they sat down and took a rest .
 A. because **B. so** C. although D. but
12. Learning a foreign language also includes learning the _____ of that country.
 A. reputation B. scenery C. experience **D. culture**
13. The perfume has been _____ in all the women's magazine.
 A. recognized **B. advertised** C. impressed D. read
14. I saw your school's _____ in today's edition of the Vietnam News
 A. institute B. dormitory **C. advertisement** D. scenery
15. "How long does it take you to get there?" – " _____"
 A. Two kilometers B. three o'clock C. by bus **D. twenty minutes**
16. "I will take an exam next week." – " _____"
 A. You're welcome. B. That's great. **C. Good luck.** D. Don't mention it

II. Supply the correct form of the word:

- | | |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 1. We _____ gathered everything to leave the picnic site. | (hurry) hurriedly |
| 2. Many _____ walked around the tourist attraction to take photos. | (sightsee) sightseers |
| 3. _____ is an interesting job. | (advertise) advertising |
| 4. I often go hill walking for _____. | (relax) relaxation |
| 5. When we take an exam, we are _____. | (examine) examinees |
| 6. Most of the _____ have lived here all their lives. | (village) villagers |
| 7. He has been a coin _____ for many years. | (collect) collector |
| 8. They decided to go _____ on the river bank. | (picnic) picnicking |
| 9. I can complete a _____ Vietnamese test if necessary. | (speak) spoken |
| 10. They are studying hard for the _____ next week. | (examine) examination |
| 11. My cousin works for an _____ bank in Ho Chi Minh city. | (nation) international |
| 12. I'd like some _____ about your school, please. | (inform) information |

III> Write the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first

1/ Practice doing morning exercises everyday or you can't improve your health.

→ If you _____

If you practice doing morning exercises every day, you can improve your health.

If you don't practice doing morning exercises every day, you can't improve your health.

2/ "Where do you live?" the interviewer said to me.

→ The interviewer asked _____

The interviewer asked me where I lived.

3. "When do you have English, Hoa?" Peter asked.

→ Peter asked _____

Peter asked Hoa when she had English.

4. I can't wait to join the trip.

→ I am looking _____

I am looking forward to joining the trip.

5. Study hard or you will fail the exam.

→ If you _____

If you study hard, you will not fail the exam.

If you study hard, you won't fail the exam.

If you don't study hard, you will fail the exam.

6. I'm sorry I can't know her address.

→ I wish _____

I wish I could know her address.

7. "Do you speak any other languages?" Nga asked.

→ Nga asked me _____

Nga asked me if I spoke any other languages.

8. Practice speaking English everyday or you can't improve your English.

→ If _____

If you practice speaking English every day, you can improve your English.

If you don't practice speaking English every day, you can't improve your English.

9. It's a pity I can't speak English fluently.

→ I wish

I wish I could speak English fluently.

10. She is excited to go to the zoo.

→ She is looking

She is looking forward to going to the zoo.

IV/ Put the words in the correct order to make meaningful sentences:

1. We hurriedly / ran to/ gathered things/ and/ the bus stop.

→ We _____

We hurriedly gathered things and ran to the bus stop.

2. the foot of/ and / the village lies/ a mountain/ by a river/ near.

→ The village _____

The village lies near the foot of a mountain and by a river

3. tired and hungry/ and had a snack/ so they sat down/ everyone felt/ under the tree.

→ Everyone _____

Everyone felt tired and hungry, so they sat down under the tree and had a snack.

4. he completes/ as soon as/ he feeds the chickens/ his homework/ and collects the eggs.

→ As soon as _____

As soon as he completes his homework, he feeds the chickens and collects the eggs.

For centuries, poets, writers and musicians have mentioned the Ao dai in poems, novels and songs. The Ao dai is the (21)_____ dress of Vietnamese women. It consists of a long silk tunic that is slit on the sides and worn over loose pants. Traditionally, it was frequently worn by (22)_____ men and women. The design and material used for men were different from those used for women. Nowadays, women usually wear it, especially on (23)_____ occasions. However, many Vietnamese women today often prefer to wear modern clothing at work, because it is more (24)_____. Now fashion designers want to change the traditional Ao dai. Some have printed lines of (25) _____ on the Ao dai, so they look modern and very fashionable. Other designers have taken inspiration from Vietnam's ethnic minorities. They have visited villages and studied traditional designs and (26)_____ such as suns, stars, crosses and stripes. They have added these patterns to the Ao dai, so Vietnamese women can continue to wear the unique dress, which is now both traditional and fashionable.

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|---------------------------|----------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 21. A. traditional | B. fashion | C. model | D. especial |
| 22. A. either | B. both | C. neither | D. two |
| 23. A. special | B. good | C. fashionable | D. happy |
| 24. A. easier | B. comfort | C. convenient | D. nicer |
| 25. A. poet | B. text | C. message | D. poetry |
| 26. A. pattern | B. picture | C. drawings | D. symbols |

Malaysia is one of the countries of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN). The capital of Malaysia is Kuala Lumpur and it is also the largest city in the country. Islam is the country's official religion . In addition, there are other religions such as Buddhism and Hinduism .The national language is Bahasa Malaysia (also known simply as Malay). English , Chinese and Tamil are also widely spoken. The language of instruction for primary school is Malay, Chinese or Tamil . Malay is the primary language of instruction in all secondary schools, although some students may continue learning in Chinese or Tamil . And English is a compulsory second language.

*** Answer True or False**

27. None of the cities in Malaysia is larger than Kuala Lumpur. **TRUE**

28. There is only one religion in Malaysia. **FALSE**

29. Primary school children learn three languages at school. **FALSE**

30. The compulsory second language in Malaysia is English. **TRUE**

*** Choose the best answers**

31. The language of instruction in every secondary school is _____
A. Chinese B. English C. Tamil **D. Bahasa Malaysia**

32. In addition to Malay, secondary school students must learn _____
A. Chinese B. Tamil **C. English** D. French

“My name is Phil. I’m from Canada. I’m living in a flat in HCM city, where I am taking a Vietnamese course. It’s my first time abroad. I am sharing the flat with another student called Dev. We have known each other for just some months, since we entered the class. Dev is from Germany. We study in the same group. Dev had studied Vietnamese before he came here. So he can speak a little Vietnamese. We go to class in the morning, so in the afternoon we have time to work in groups. Dev helps me a lot not only in my study but also in my daily life. We often practise speaking Vietnamese and do our homework together. Thanks to his help, I have made big progress in speaking and listening as well. Last week we had a test and I did a really good job. Our papers will be returned tomorrow. And I hope that we will get good marks. I’m very happy to have a friend like Dev.”

* **Answer True or False**

- 27. This is the first time Phil has been in a foreign country. **TRUE**
- 28. Dev, Phil’s new friend, is Canadian. **FALSE**
- 29. Phil can now speak better Vietnamese than Dev can. **FALSE**
- 30. In Phil’s opinion, Dev is a helpful friend. **TRUE**

* **Choose the best answers**

- 31. Phil is now in _____.
 A. Canada B. Hanoi C. Germany **D. Viet Nam**
- 32. Phil did very _____ on the test paper last week
 A. **well** B. badly C. carefully D. carelessly

Lan and Razali Maryam, a Malaysian girl, have been pen pals for over two years. They correspond at (1) _____ once every two weeks. They first met (2) _____ in Hanoi last week. The beauty of the capital and the friendliness of its people made a deep impression (3) _____ Maryam. Lan took her to many famous places of (4) _____ such as Uncle Ho Mausoleum, Hoan Kiem Lake, the History Museum, and Van Mieu. They took a lot of photos. Maryam also (5) _____ a visit to the mosque on Hang Luoc Street. At the end of the week, Maryam invited Lan to go to Kuala Lumpur. However, Lan could not have the decision (6) _____ it is dependent on her parents.

- 1. A. last B. once C. time **D. least**
- 2. A. another **B. each other** C. others D. other
- 3. **A. on** B. in C. with D. about
- 4. A. interesting B. interested C. interest **D. interests**
- 5. A. took B. made C. gave **D. paid**
- 6. **A. because** B. so C. therefore D. but

Jeans are very popular with young people all (1) _____ the world. Some people say that jeans are the “uniform” of (2) _____. The story of jeans started almost two hundred years ago. People in Genoa, Italy, made pants. The cloth (3) _____ in Genoa was called “jeans”. The pants were called “jeans”. In 1850, a salesman (4) _____ California began selling pants made of canvas. His name was Levi Strauss. (5) _____ they were very strong, Levi’s pants became (6) _____, Levi Strauss began making his pants with blue cotton cloth called denim.

- 1. A. in B. on **C. over** D. above
- 2. **A. youth** B. young C. younger D. youngest
- 3. A. make B. makes C. making **D. made**
- 4. **A. in** B. on C. at D. with
- 5. A. Although B. But **C. Because** D. So
- 6. A. famous **B. popular** C. good D. wonderful



- 1. What does the sign say?
A. You mustn’t drive after drinking.
 B. You shouldn’t drive under the influence of drugs.
 C. You must be careful with drunk drivers.
 D. You should be careful as there is a pub ahead.

	<p>2. What does the sign say?</p> <p>A. Disable people can stand here. B. This is a forbidden area for the handicapped. C. Facilities for disabled people are available here. D. The handicapped must stay here all the times.</p>
	<p>3. What does the sign say?</p> <p>A. You can drive as fast as you can. B. Beware of careless drivers. C. Slippery road is ahead. D. You cannot drive carefully on this road.</p>
	<p>4. What does the sign say?</p> <p>A. You aren't allowed to litter here. B. There isn't a waste basket here. C. You mustn't litter here. D. Put your garbage here.</p>
	<p>5. What does the sign say?</p> <p>A. Put your head in a safety helmet. B. Wear sunglasses with a safety helmet. C. Keep your safety in a helmet. D. Wear a safety helmet when riding a motorbike.</p>
	<p>6. What does this sign say?</p> <p>A. No parking. B. Do not enter. C. Exit only. D. No crossing.</p>
	<p>7. What does this sign / picture say / mean?</p> <p>A. Be careful. You can't walk here. B. Be careful or you might fall. C. Be careful or you'll get hurt. D. Be careful or you might hurt your head.</p>
	<p>8. What does this sign / picture say / mean?</p> <p>A. Stay away from the flowers. B. Don't pick the flowers. C. Don't touch the flowers. D. Keep the flowers fresh.</p>
	<p>9. What does this sign mean?</p> <p>A. Don't say "No" to anyone using plastic bags. B. Say "No" to anyone not using plastic bags. C. Use plastic bags but don't say "No" to it. D. Don't use plastic bags to protect our planet.</p>
	<p>10. What does this sign mean?</p> <p>A. You should wash your hand before and after meals. B. You can't make your hands brighter and whiter. C. You ought to hold your hands together. D. You mustn't stop washing up.</p>